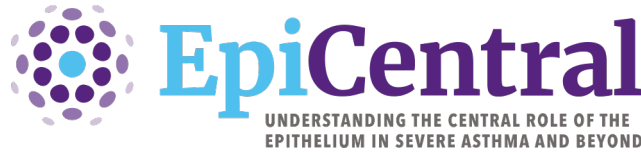


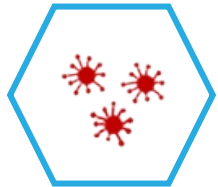


The role of the airway epithelium in asthma



Asthma is driven by interactions between the environment, epithelium and immune system¹⁻⁶

Environmental exposures^{1,2}



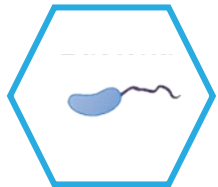
Viruses



Allergens



Pollutants
/smoke



Bacteria



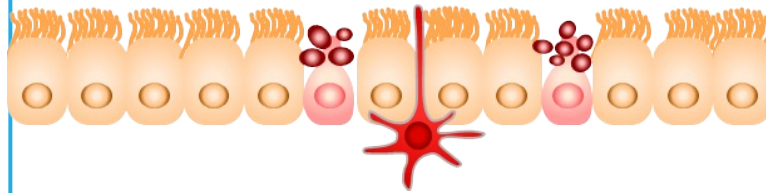
Physical
injury



Other external
stimuli (eg house
dust mites)

Epithelium²⁻⁴

- Key role in tissue homeostasis
- Mediator between environment and immune system
- Rapid production of epithelial cytokines in response to exposures



Immune system^{5,6}

- Allergic eosinophilic inflammation
- Non-allergic eosinophilic inflammation
- Non-T2 (non-eosinophilic) mechanisms
- Structural cell changes



T2, type 2

1. Pelaia G, et al. Nat Rev Drug Discov 2012;11:958-972; 2. Bartemes KR, Kita H. Clin Immunol 2012;143:222-235; 3. Watson B, Gauvreau GM. Expert Opin Ther Targets 2014;18:771-785; 4. Loxham M, et al. Clin Exp

Allergy 2014;44:1299-1313; 5. Brusselle G, Bracke K. Ann Am Thorac Soc 2014;11(Suppl. 5):S322-S328; 6. Gauvreau GM, et al. Expert Opin Ther Targets 2020;24:777-792 CN-142688; date of preparation:DEC 2024. © 2025

AstraZeneca. All Rights Reserved. This information is intended for healthcare professionals only. EpiCentral is sponsored and developed by Amgen and AstraZeneca.

The airway epithelium is a first point of contact for environmental exposures¹

Barrier and sensor

Protective barrier and sensor of the environment^{1,2}

Mediates immunity

Innate and adaptive immune response²

Induces inflammation

Epithelial cytokines promote airway inflammation^{1,2}

Structural changes

Can drive airway remodelling and smooth muscle pathology^{1,3,4}

Image of normal lung; bronchus by Yale Rosen, available at https://www.flickr.com/photos/pulmonary_pathology/3661529896 (Accessed 6 January 2022)

Licensed under CC BY-SA 2.0 from: <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/2.0/> (Accessed 6 January 2022)

1. Bartemes KR, Kita H. Clin Immunol 2012;143:222–235; 2. Roan F, et al. J Clin Invest 2019;129:1441–1451; 3. Wang Y, et al. Respir Med 2008;102:949–955; 4. Corren J. J Allergy Clin Immunol Pract 2019;7:1394–1403

CN-142688; date of preparation: DEC 2024. © 2025 AstraZeneca. All Rights Reserved. This information is intended for healthcare professionals only. EpiCentral is sponsored and developed by Amgen and AstraZeneca.

The airway epithelium plays a fundamental role in asthma¹⁻⁴

The airway epithelium serves as a barrier/sensor and mediates airway immunity^{1,2}

In severe asthma, the epithelium is significantly altered¹⁻⁴

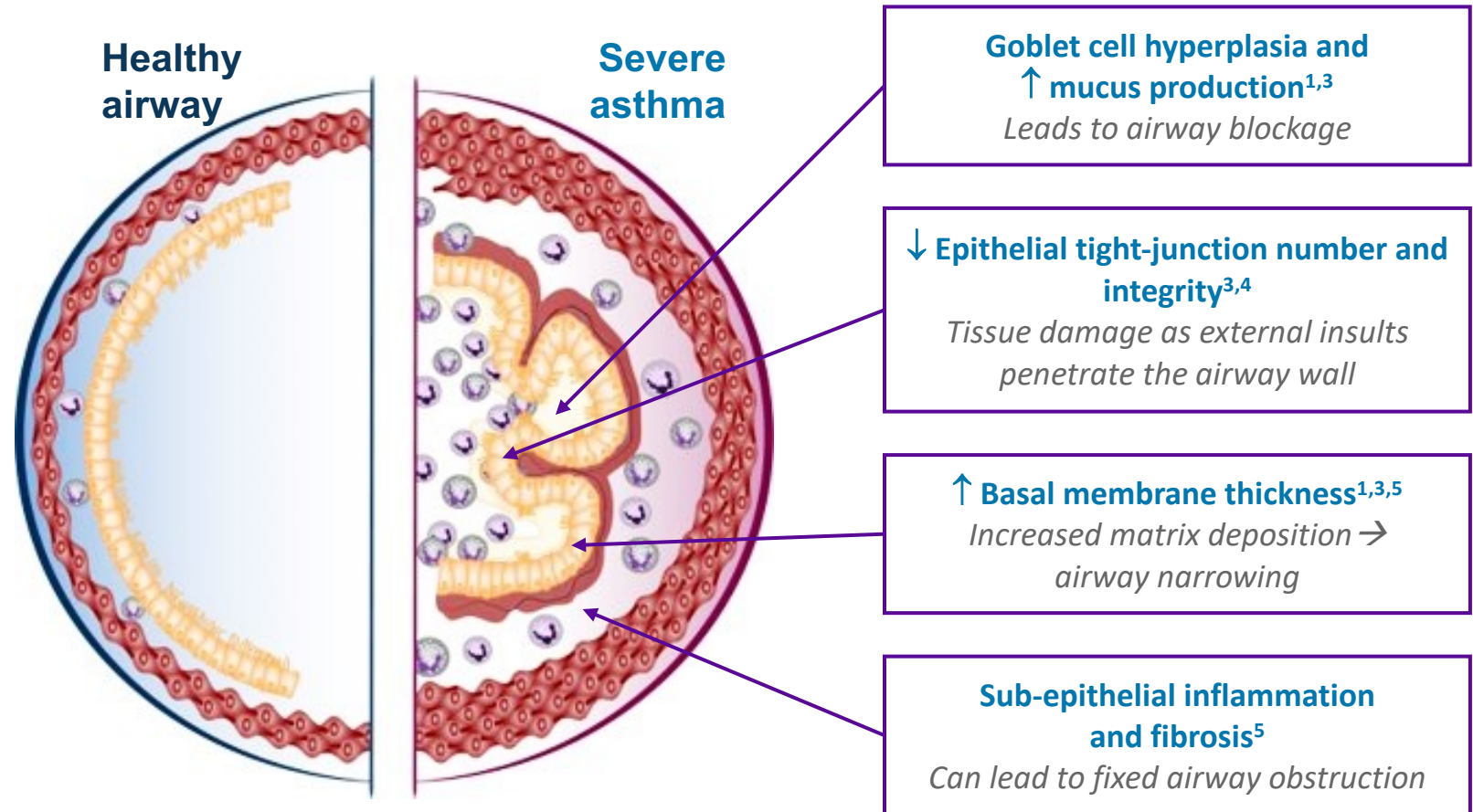


Figure adapted from the Centre of Excellence in Severe Asthma as part of the Centre of Research Excellence in Severe Asthma (<https://toolkit.severeasthma.org.au>) (Accessed 6 January 2022).

1. Bartemes KR, Kita H. Clin Immunol 2012;143:222–235; 2. Roan F, et al. J Clin Invest 2019;129:1441–1451; 3. Holgate ST. Immunol Rev 2011;242:205–219; 4. Heijink IH, et al. Clin Exp Allergy 2014;44:620–630; 5. Cohen L, et al. Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2007;176:138–145

CN-142688; date of preparation: DEC 2024. © 2025 AstraZeneca. All Rights Reserved. This information is intended for healthcare professionals only. EpiCentral is sponsored and developed by Amgen and AstraZeneca.

The airway epithelium structure is significantly altered in severe asthma¹⁻⁵

In bronchial biopsies of patients with severe asthma versus healthy controls:⁵

↑ Epithelial thickness versus normal airway (A)

↑ Epithelial cell proliferation versus normal airway (B)

↑ Apoptosis versus normal airway

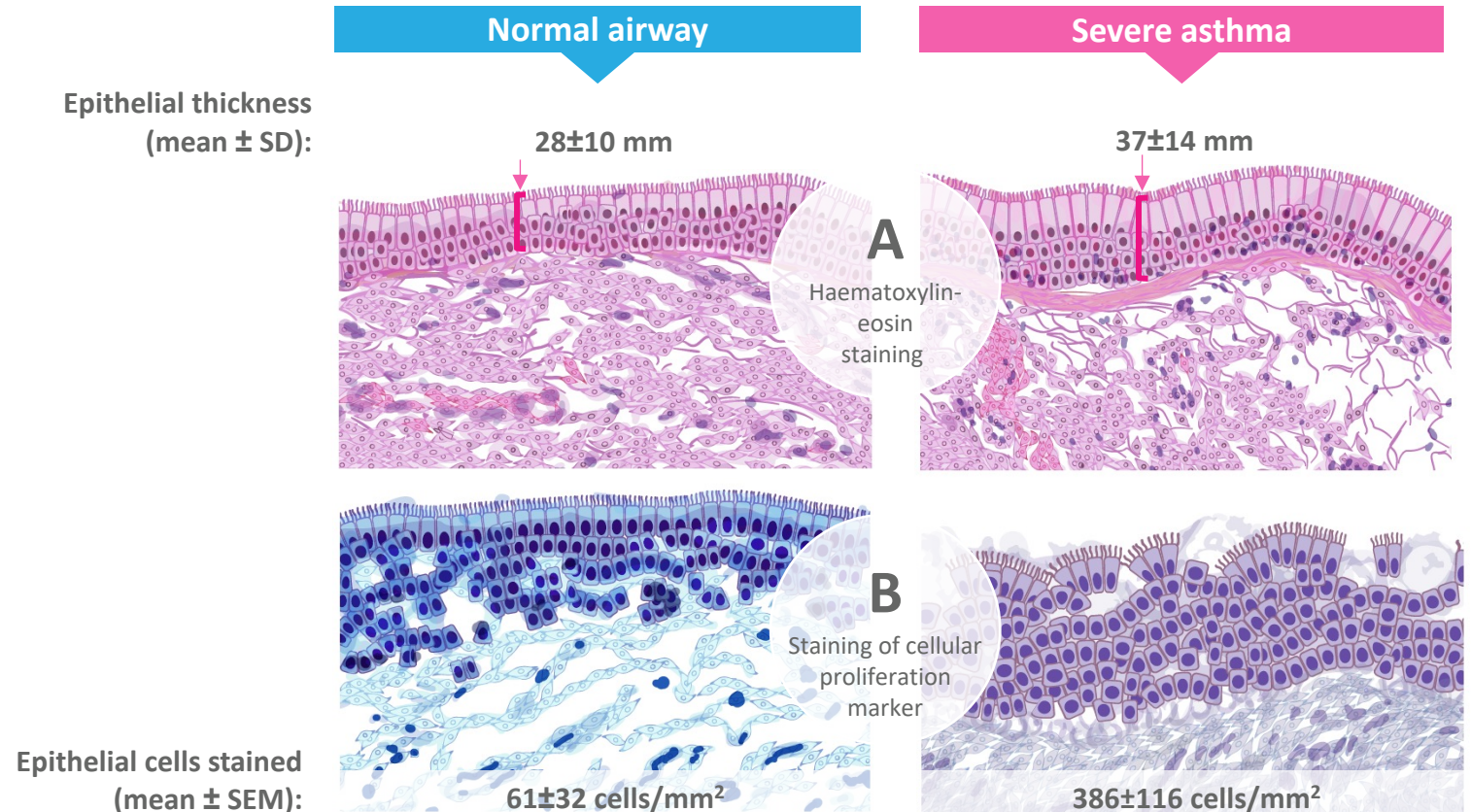


Figure adapted from Cohen L, et al. Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2007;176:138–145

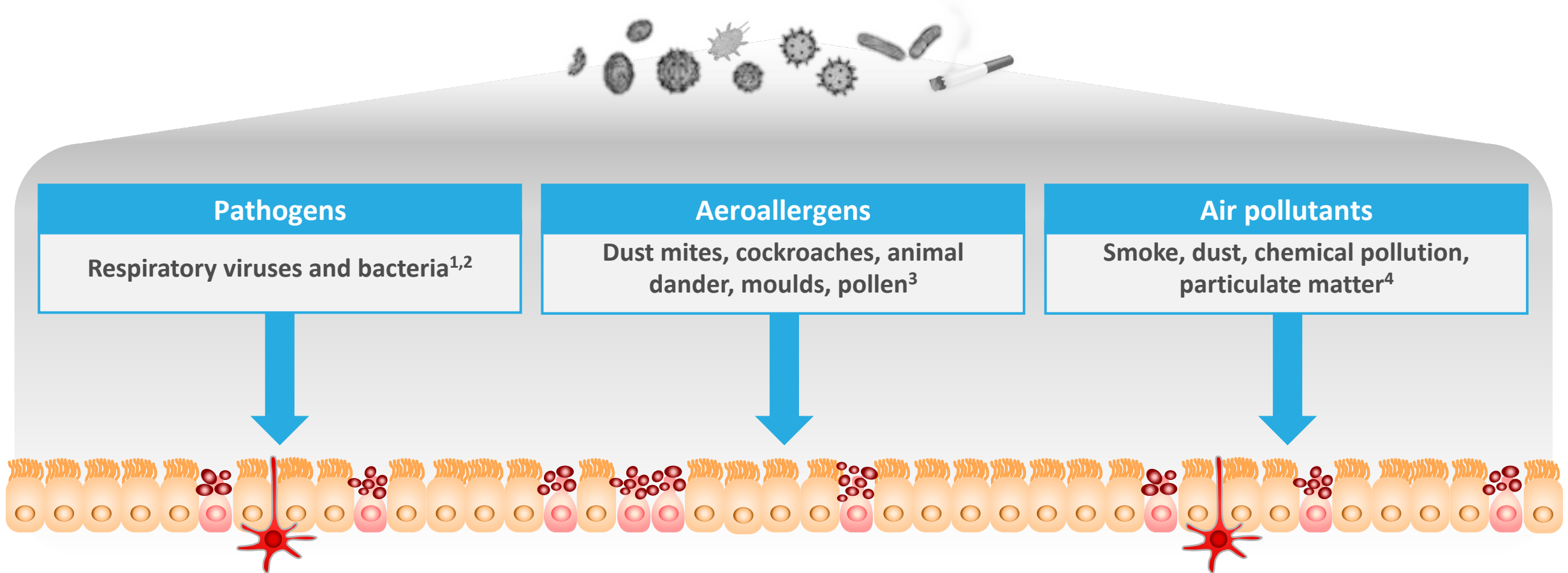
SD, standard deviation; SEM, standard error of the mean

1. Bartemes KR, Kita H. Clin Immunol 2012;143:222–235; 2. Holgate ST. Immunol Rev 2011;242:205–219; 3. Heijink IH, et al. Clin Exp Allergy 2014;44:620–630; 4. Caminati M, et al. World Allergy Organ J 2018;11:13;

5. Cohen L, et al. Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2007;176:138–145

CN-142688; date of preparation: DEC 2024. © 2025 AstraZeneca. All Rights Reserved. This information is intended for healthcare professionals only. EpiCentral is sponsored and developed by Amgen and AstraZeneca.

Environmental exposures trigger airway inflammation at the epithelium¹⁻⁴



1. Wark PA, Gibson PG. Thorax 2006;61:909–915; 2. Iikura M, et al. PLoS One 2015;10:e0123584; 3. Baxi SN, Phipatanakul W. Adolesc Med State Art Rev 2010;21:57–71; 4. Lambrecht BN, et al. Immunity 2019;50:975–991

The triggers of asthma are diverse¹

Self-reported asthma triggers (N=1202)

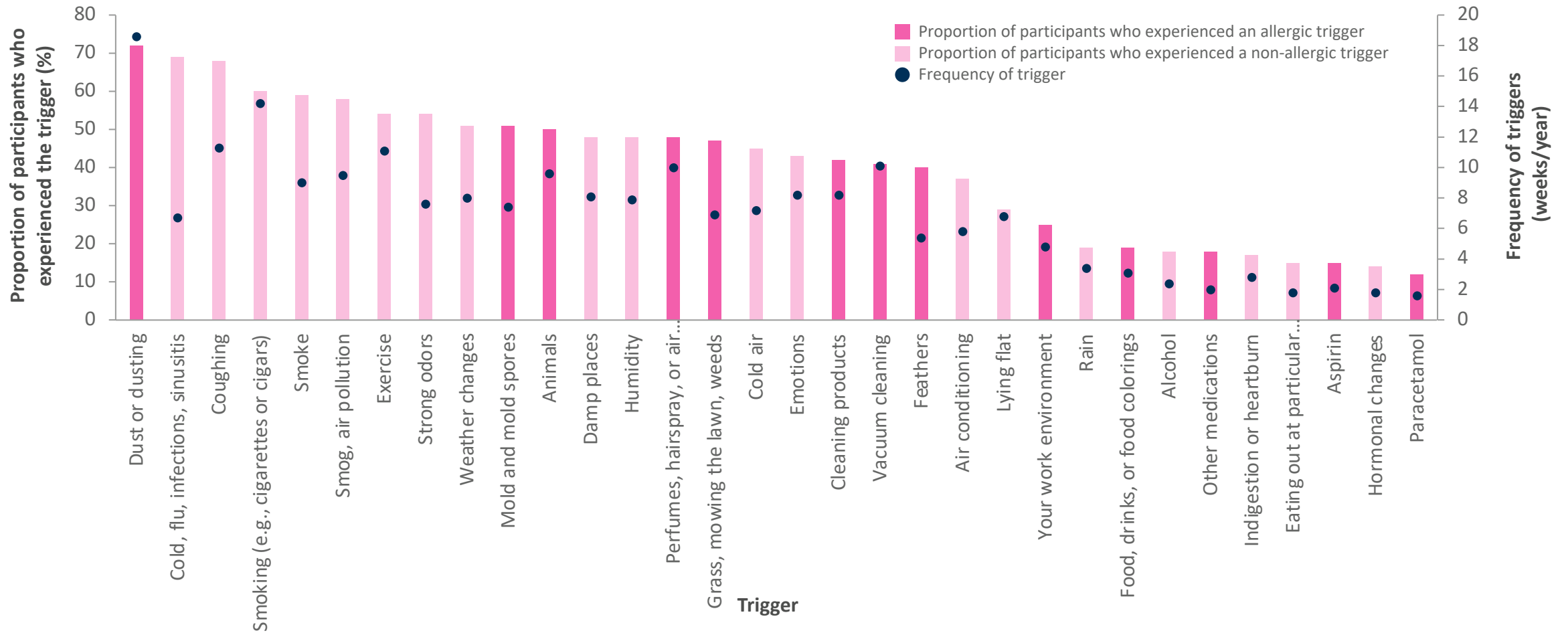


Figure adapted from Price D, et al. J Asthma. 2014;51:127–135 (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0>) (Accessed 6 January 2022).

1. Price D, et al. J Asthma 2014;51:127–135